

TAX CASE TO SETTLE

Logan County Commissioners' Levy Questioned

BY THE TERRITORIAL BOARD

Of Equalization—Mandamus Is Applied For.

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Chief Justice Burford has taken under advisement the motion of the attorney general for a writ of mandamus to compel the county commissioners to extend the territorial tax of three mills on the tax rolls. When the county commissioners met on the day fixed by law, in the absence of a certificate of the territorial levy by the auditor, the county board proceeded to make a territorial levy of two mills instead of adjourning until another day as the law further directs. The auditor's delay in certifying the territorial levy is explained by the dilatoriness of the county clerks in sending in the county assessment returns and delaying action by the territorial board of equalization. The county board of commissioners refused to change their levy in accordance with the certificate finally rendered by the auditor and the territory now seeks to compel the by a writ of mandamus.

TITLES AT MOUNTAIN VIEW

Secure Under the Liberal Policy of the School Land Board

Mountain View, O. T., Aug. 16.—The question of title to lots in Mountain View has been permanently settled. The town is located on school land and the territorial school board has granted a new lease, recognizing the survey and platting of the lots and the use of the same for townsite purposes. Under the terms of the new lease the Mountain View Improvement company is given a lease of the school section until January 1, 1901, with power to survey, plat and release, and the lessees of lots are guaranteed the preference right to release at not to exceed 1 per cent biennial rental of the appraised value. They are also given the preference right to purchase the lots in case the land is appraised and sold. Many of the holders prefer this arrangement to a deed, as the rental to be paid into the school fund will be less than the taxes if the lots were deeded. A lot appraised at \$300 will cost the owner \$1 a year, which is less than the taxes on any deeded lot of like value in the territory. The Mountain View Improvement company is selling leases to lots at a nominal figure and 5 per cent of the amount of sales goes into the school fund. This is probably the only town in America built entirely on school land, and every child of school age in the territory is interested in its welfare. The legality of the plan has been looked into by the best lawyers of the territory, who approve it.

WEEK WAS HOT AND DRY

But the Early Corn Is as Safe as If Cribbed Already.

Oklahoma City, O. T., Aug. 16.—Following is the weather crop bulletin for the week ending Monday, August 14: The past week has been extremely hot and dry. Light local showers occurred over parts of the northern tier of counties, partially relieving the drouthy conditions which now prevail. Rain is needed in all sections to save the very late planted crops, and for pastures. The bulk of the corn crop has matured in excellent condition, and cutting has begun. Most corn growers report that very late corn to be materially injured by the hot winds of the past week. Cotton continues in good condition except in a few localities in Oklahoma. In the nations there is a general complaint of injury from dry and hot weather, and the general outlook is less promising than formerly; only in a few localities is the crop improved. Thrashing and haymaking continued throughout the week, the weather being favorable for this work. Sorghum, kafir and the other crops are good. Pastures and gardens are badly needing rain, and in general all but the matured crops are in serious danger from the prevailing drouth.

GUTHRIE AT STILLWATER

Defeated by the Extremely Spreading

Stillwater, O. T., Aug. 16.—The Stillwater Dawes defeated the Guthrie Sen-

CONSUMPTION.

The germs of consumption are everywhere. You may breathe them in with the air, drink them with water, eat them with your food. They are not dangerous if you are in perfect health but if you have a slight cough, or cold, or if you have inherited weak lungs, or if you are weak and run-down—look out!

Once consumption gets a strong foothold it is most impossible to dislodge it. The time to cure it is at the beginning—before it starts. If you are run-down—build yourself up. Make every tissue so strong and well that consumption germs cannot find a foothold. Fill your body with rich, red blood—build up strong, healthy flesh—put your digestive system in perfect order. Don't drink half dead food. You may be well as well as not. The following letter from Mrs. Jennie Dingman, of Van Buren, Kansas, O. Mich., will tell you how she cured it. She says: "Before I took

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

I was hardly able to do my work at all; had pain in my left side and back, and had headache all the time. I tried your medicine and it helped me. Last spring I had a bad cough; got so bad I had to be in bed all the time. My husband thought I had consumption. We thought we would try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and before I had taken one bottle the cough stopped and I have since had no signs of the return."

ators Sunday at Stillwater by the very decided score of 23 to 2. The Senators evidently came away from home without their batting eyes and played a very ragged fielding game also. Dupee did excellent work in the box for Stillwater, and only allowing the opposing team an occasional hit. He was fairly well supported, although the two scores were made on errors. Herron, of the locals, made some of the thing-and-Burdick made some of the phenomenal stops at second. Stillwater has absolutely one of the best ball teams in the territory and have started this week for a two weeks' tour through Oklahoma and southern Kansas, wearing a set of bran new uniforms in the Agricultural and Mechanical college colors—black and orange. The first three games are being played at Arkansas City, today, tomorrow and Friday.

TO VISIT INSANE ASYLUMS

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Governor

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Governor Barnes today appointed Dr. L. H. Buxton of Oklahoma City, Dr. W. S. Hamilton of Norman and Dr. L. J. Hyatt of Guthrie, to visit the insane asylum at Norman and examine into the condition of the patients. Under a law passed by the last legislature the governor is directed to appoint a committee of three competent, regularly practicing physicians who shall visit the insane asylum four times each year, and who shall examine the patients and report upon their condition and the sanitary condition of the asylum, and they shall have the power to peremptorily discharge all persons detained in the asylum who are not actually insane. Each physician so appointed, receives \$5 per day and his actual expenses, each visitation not to occupy more than three days.

DIDN'T HEAR THE SHOT FIRED

But All the Same Elmer Brown Had His Death Wound.

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—A special from Tulsa, Indian Territory, to the Times-Journal says: "Day before yesterday Elmer Williams, who lives near this place, was shot in the back and died an hour later from the wound. Williams had been to town to see a doctor. He was on his return home on horseback when he felt something sting him in the back. When he got home he had his folks examine his back and to his great surprise a bullet hole was found. Williams could not remember hearing a shot fired as he rode home. The bullet was from a large calibre gun and was, it is believed, fired from a Winchester. In spite of medical aid Williams died in about an hour after he was shot. He said before he died that he had no enemies unless it was a man whom he had helped to prosecute for selling whisky to the Indians."

IS NOW A RAILROAD TOWN

Tonkawa Is Now Over the Advent of the Blackwell and Southern.

Tonkawa, O. T., Aug. 16.—The Santa Fe completed the last part of their branch known as the Blackwell and Southern to this place yesterday at 5 o'clock, and located the place of their depot, roundhouse, machine shops, etc. The citizens served a treat to the steel gang, consisting of 125 colored men, by furnishing them with two wagonloads of watermelons, four kegs of beer and cigars in large quantities. After a picnic lasting about two hours, the train pulled out, accompanied by the jubilant shouts of the trainload of colored humanity who think that Tonkawa is all right. Several of the Santa Fe officials were present and prophesied a great future for Tonkawa as terminal of both the Santa Fe and Rock Island, which is building up from Enid.

A FRIGHTFUL BLUNDER

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Bolls, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pellets cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by G. Gehring, druggist.

CAPTAIN DE FORD'S FAREWELL

To Political Associates on Removing From Oklahoma City.

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Captain De Ford, who has moved from Oklahoma City to Nowkirk, has handed in the following letter to the Republican central committee of Oklahoma city: "Gentlemen: I have the honor to tender you my resignation as chairman of your committee for the reason that I have been called to leave Oklahoma City to Oklahoma county to that of Kay county. I also wish to thank each of you for the courteous treatment you gave me while your chairman, and your loyal devotion to the party you represent. Trusting that each of you will put your shoulders to the wheel and run up a good majority for the grand old party at the next election of Oklahoma city. I am yours respectfully, C. H. DE FORD."

PROCLAMATION HELD BACK

Until Informalities in Ponca City's Papers are Corrected.

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—By reason of the informality of the papers in the case Governor Barnes has decided to postpone the issuing of his proclamation declaring Ponca City a city of the first class until the informalities are corrected and a new census is taken that will show that the population exceeds the statutory requirement of 2,500. A protest was filed with the governor against issuing a proclamation, which protest set forth that the application for incorporation was irregular and was not based upon a correct enumeration of the population; hence the decision of the governor to refer the whole matter back to the authorities of Ponca City.

NOBLE COUNTY IS ALL RIGHT

Blessed With a Rain That Wets Down

Perry, O. T., Aug. 16.—A splendid rain extending from Orlando on the south of us to the northern limit of the county, has again put the ground in good shape for plowing and the farmers are making the most of their opportunity. The hot winds have done very little damage, as the corn crop is about all matured, and this rain will save them off for some time.

GOING TO MASSACHUSETTS

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Governor

Barnes expects to leave tomorrow morning for Massachusetts, where he will join Mrs. Barnes and Miss Beale. He will be absent probably thirty days. The governor is a sufferer from hay fever, which usually manifests itself about the middle of August, and the only relief for which is a cool climate.

It would be a good deal easier to leave our neighbors in ourselves if they would do things the way we do—S. S. S.

SPLIT IN THE PARTY

By the Treason of Anti-Expansion Republicans.

WISH FATHER TO THOUGHT

And the Democrats are Wishing It Awfully Hard.

New York, Aug. 16.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Senator Clay of Georgia, a Democrat, is quoted in the midsummer political gossip here as having expressed the belief that there would be an anti-expansion Republican ticket in the field for the presidency next year. According to this gossip, the new ticket is called the "Continental Republican," and though it is not believed that it will be possible to get Former Speaker Reed's consent to head the ticket, he is counted on as one of its most effective supporters. Former Secretary of the Treasury George S. Boutwell of Massachusetts, who is high in the councils of the anti-expansionists, is talked of as the Continental Republican candidate for the presidency, and it is said that the anti-expansionists with him at the head of the ticket, would expect to prevent the regular Republican ticket from carrying any of the New England states.

ANTI-GOEBEL DEMOCRATS

Named Full State Ticket, Headed by John Young Brown.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 16.—The Anti-Goebel Democrats today nominated the following state ticket: John Young Brown, Jefferson, governor; Major P. P. Johnston, Fayette, lieutenant governor; Lawrence P. Tanner, Owensboro, attorney general; Frank A. Pateur, Caldwell, auditor; John C. Droegge, Kenton, treasurer; Edward L. Hines, Western, secretary of state; E. O. Gurrant, Jessamine, superintendent of public instruction; G. V. Vandever, Lincoln, commissioner of agriculture.

Brain Work and Exercise.

It has been declared that three hours of brain work will destroy more brain tissue than a whole day of physical exercise. America is filled with men and women who earn their living by their brains. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters makes the mind active and vigorous. This medicine is a tonic, an appetizer, and a sure cure for dyspepsia. It has a fifty years' record of cures. See that a private revenue stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

FUSION IN HAWKEYEDOM

Democrats Give the Fops One Little Place on the Ticket.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 16.—The Democratic state convention today nominated the following ticket: Governor—Frederick B. White, Kookuk county. Lieutenant Governor—M. L. Davis, Montgomery county. Judge of Supreme Court—A. Van Wagenen, Woodbury county. Railway Commissioner—W. H. Calhoun, Marshall county.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—B. P. Holist, Boone county.

The Populist state convention also met and endorsed the above ticket. All the nominees are Democrats except Calhoun, who was the Populist candidate. The Chicago platform was endorsed in its entirety and the Democratic state committee was empowered to fill any vacancies caused by death or otherwise. Cato Seils could have been nominated for governor, but was not acceptable to the Populists, and withdrew, throwing his strength to White, who was the candidate on the fusion ticket two years ago, being defeated by Governor Shaw. The convention was very turbulent throughout and the business was transacted with difficulty, but the results are satisfactory to the radical silver element, which was in control. It is not probable, however, that the sound money element will make an attempt to obtain a separate organization this year.

Temporary Chairman, Seils on assuming the gavel said in part:

"Just what the Democratic national platform of 1896 will contain I do not know, but I firmly believe that it will be along the lines of the best platform with such an indictment of the McKinley regime for its un-administration, class preference and unconstitutional conduct as to insure the support of every citizen who has been, is, or wants to be a Jeffersonian Democrat. "Bimetallism is as much a fundamental principle of the Democracy as equality of rights, and this convention would betray the party should it fail to declare for the reinstatement of silver to its legitimate place in the nation's monetary system."

"We have reached a crisis in our national life. The declaration of independence, the federal constitution and the Monroe Doctrine are being devoured by avaricious cannibals. The money trust, the industrial trust and the patriotic trust have masked in the false garb of 'Destiny' for a desperate attack. The state and national campaigns upon which we are about to enter will be the turning point for the republic and its people. The armies are forming in battle array. The call for enlistment has been made. It is not what you have been but what you are now, that puts your name on the muster roll. Loyalty to the cause for which we fight is the only requirement."

"Our commander is Democracy's great"

RESTORED TO CITIZENSHIP

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Governor Barnes today restored to citizenship three territorial convicts who have served their terms in the Lansing penitentiary and who have earned this mark of executive favor by their uniformly good behavior and obedience to the prison rules. They are: S. W. Catlin, sent up for four years from Grant county in 1896 for grand larceny; Frank Walker, sent up from Payne county for two years for larceny; and Delisha Walker, sent up from Blaine county for one year for assault on commit rape.

The best of good wishes go with them as they sleep the night after you call—S. S. S.

S.S.S. For Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only remedy which can eradicate Contagious Blood Poison. It is guaranteed purely vegetable. Book on self-treatment mailed free. Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY COLDS, HEADACHES, OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION
PERMANENTLY TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE MAN-FOY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS, FINE 50c PER BOTTLE

est leader—the able, fearless and incorruptible champion of equal rights and human liberty—the modern Thomas Jefferson—William Jennings Bryan."

The committee on resolutions reported, endorsing the Chicago platform, "in the whole and in detail," and proclaiming their admiration for, and loyalty to "that peerless exponent of Democratic principle, William J. Bryan," and favoring him for the nomination in 1900. The resolutions then ran on to state:

"We rejoice in the exalted sentiment and motive that prompted the government of the United States to take up arms in defense of the bitterly oppressed people of Cuba, in the successful termination of the war with Spain and in the patriotism and unsurpassed bravery displayed by soldiers and sailors so land and sea. The war for the liberation of the Cubans is now reaching the greatest equality and worthy of the greatest nation that has flourished in times of time, but for the same reason that we glory in the successful war against Spain, we deplore the continued war against the Philippines. One war was for the emancipation of the people; the other was for the subjugation of the people, and if the war against Spain was right, and was, that against the natives of the Philippines, who have committed no offense against us, and who are to be killed and die for it, is wrong. The war authorized by congress to conquer the natives of the Philippine Islands is a repudiation of the American doctrine of consent affirmed in the declaration of independence, and in conflict with the principles which George Washington and the sacrifice-patriots of the revolution made sacred to establish."

"We also condemn the war against the Philippines, believing it to have been inspired by Great Britain for the purpose of producing conditions that will force an Anglo-American alliance, and was not my protest against the war and demand its termination, by extension to the Philippines of the same assurances given to the Cubans, but we record our deep-seated antagonism to an alliance with Great Britain or any other European power, and express our determination of the attempt to force in British interests to disrupt the friendly relations which have uniformly existed between the United States and Germany. We oppose the conquest of the Philippines because imperialism means militarism, because militarism means government by force, and because government by force means the death of political and industrial freedom, and the obliteration of equality of the rights and association of Democratic institutions."

"We view with alarm the multiplication of those combinations of capital commonly known as trusts, that are killing and monopolizing industry, crushing out independent producers of limited means, destroying competition, restricting opportunities for labor, artificially limiting production and raising prices; and we view with alarm the extension of the state socialism in the respect that under socialism the benefits of production would go to all, while under the trust system they go to increase the fortunes of the individual. These trusts and combinations are the direct outgrowth of the policy of the Republican party, which has not only favored these institutions, but has accepted their support and solicited their contributions. We also condemn the policy, which has placed the burden of taxation upon those who labor and produce in times of peace and who fight our battles in time of war, while the wealth of the country is exempted from these burdens. We condemn this policy, and it is our solemn conviction that the trusts must be destroyed or they will destroy free government by the repeal of the present tariff and other privilege-conferring legislation responsible for them. By the enactment of such legislation the state and nation will add in their destruction."

The platform concludes with a denunciation of letting convict labor by contract, urging a careful study of the existing labor laws, and a condemnation of the administration of Justice at Shawnee in the Populist party resolutions are similar in theory.

W. R. NEWMAN, Staunton, Va., says: "I was afflicted with Contagious Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not reach the disease. At the advice of a friend, I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine and it cured me completely, and for ten years I have never had a sign of the disease to return."

GOVERNOR BARNES EX-RE-raises Clemency in Three Cases.

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 16.—Governor Barnes today restored to citizenship three territorial convicts who have served their terms in the Lansing penitentiary and who have earned this mark of executive favor by their uniformly good behavior and obedience to the prison rules. They are: S. W. Catlin, sent up for four years from Grant county in 1896 for grand larceny; Frank Walker, sent up from Payne county for two years for larceny; and Delisha Walker, sent up from Blaine county for one year for assault on commit rape.

The best of good wishes go with them as they sleep the night after you call—S. S. S.

ONE ERRING SISTER

Returns From the Tenderloin to Tell the Story.

RAN AWAY FROM SCHOOL To Become Famous as a Great Actress.

New York, Aug. 16.—Ten years ago, in the little town of Riverton, N. J., upon the banks of the Delaware river, lived a beautiful, laughing girl of fourteen. Her name was Florence Richardson. Her parents doted her, and she was the sunshine of her home. Her beauty was so rare, and her talents so marked, that friends advised a higher grade of education than could be obtained in the quiet Jersey town in which she lived. Her mother turned instinctively to the seclusion and safety of a convent home, and St. Joseph's, of Philadelphia, was her choice. For two years the girl made great progress, and advanced rapidly in her studies. Then suddenly she took the management of her young life into her own undisciplined hands, and one day this letter reached her mother: "Good-by. I have left St. Jo to go on the stage. Don't fret. You shall yet be proud of me. Forgive your "FLORENCE."

A careless letter, written in the "vanity and pride of a foolish girl's heart. It did its fatal work, for the mother has since become broken hearted, and tears and sorrow have swept the happiness from the little home.

Six years ago Florence Richardson was first seen in the "Tenderloin." Three weeks ago she tried to kill herself. A few days ago she tried it again. A cabman brought her, unconscious, to the West Thirtieth street police station, and Sergeant Daly sent her to the New York hospital. Her first words when she came to herself were: "I didn't mean to do it," a wall of shame and regret.

Haggard, worn and ill in the refuge at Fifty-third street she tells her own story, which carries its own moral. It is a terrible warning to other girls who are tempted to leave home for the false allurements of the tenderloin. Florence Richardson thus writes of her experience:

From the time I left the convent my life has been a misery. I tell my tragic story that it may prove a warning and an aid to other girls. I have nothing to lose by telling the history of my life in the "tenderloin" and perhaps my bitter experience may cause some hopeless, misguided woman to renounce her evil way.

It is hard to remember just why I ran away from the convent. I was so happy there, and my vacations were all spent at home, where I had every reasonable wish gratified. Our house was on the river bank, with a view of the city and I often used to watch the old captains hauling in their sad nets.

It all comes back to me now, but then I was careless and young. I wanted to be famous. I thought I could become a great actress, wear beautiful gowns and have hosts of lovers. So one day I ran away from my peaceful convent home.

My first appearance was in a comic opera in Philadelphia, but I had not voice enough to be very successful. After that I took a leading part in a second-rate company of the "Two Orphans."

While with this organization I met the only man I have ever loved, and after three days' acquaintance we were married and went to Europe on our honeymoon. This was a long period of happiness, of peace of mind, of joy at being in a beautiful home on Sixty-third street. For a time all went well. We loved and were happy. He had led a fast life before he met me. The recollections of the tenderloin clung to him and he took me there.

I thought it must be lovely to be so gay, and soon I was infatuated by the tinsel and flash, knowing nothing of the sordidness and evil underneath. Then it was that I took my first glass of wine, I shall never forget it. It made the world so bright; it dispelled all sad thoughts, and, alas, I kept on taking it more and more.

The man I loved too late, saw my danger and tried to check it, but no, I was started, and the easy slide on the downward path was begun. Those days I lived a life of constant excitement. I glittered and shined, and I was the envy of the world. I courted admiration and my whole nature underwent a change.

Soon I became oblivious to my pretty home and its duties, and one day, two years ago, I was deserted. This calamity sobered me for the moment, and the horror of it all appalled me. For the first time I thought of my mother, and read over again my last letter, which said: "Come home darling, or my heart must break."

For days these words rang in my ears and sounded above every soulless laugh and foolish jest. Penitent and contrite, I determined to go home, but that very afternoon I met a girl I knew, and the old temptations overcame me.

From that day all thought of reformation left me, and I plunged downward to the bottom of the hill of misfortune, degradation and shame. I took up my home in the tenderloin, on Thirty-first street. My remorse was unceasing, and to drown it I drank constantly.

Finally one night I tried morphine, and after the first dose was rarely ever free from its effects. It deadened my sensitivities, and my only comfort was to try and forget.

You would be surprised to know how much morphine is used by women of the "tenderloin" and how easily they can get it. Why, I could buy from at least half a dozen places enough to kill twenty people.

The first dose I usually prescribed by a doctor, who thus saves many a drink-maddened brain, and afterward the withdrawal symptoms.

Don't fail to try BEECHAM'S PILLS when suffering from any bad condition of the stomach or liver. It cures and restores drug stores.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. *Chas. H. Fletcher*

KOHLSAAT FILES A PROTEST

Says He Has Been Misrepresented to the Typographical Union.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 16.—The International Typographical union convention today selected Milwaukee as its next meeting place. A report from the committee on laws, favoring the levying of a special assessment upon members, of not more than 50 cents in any three months by the executive council whenever the strike fund shall fall below \$25,000, was adopted. Discussion of the proposition to unfreeze and recognize the Chicago stereotypers was made a special order for Thursday afternoon, the session to be executive. A supplemental report to President Donnell



Examine the new oil cloth on the kitchen floor; its color and gloss are being destroyed and you may see where a cake of common soap fresh from the hot water in the scrubbing bucket has been laid on it for a moment, the free alkali having eaten an impression of the cake into the bright colors.

A more careful examination will show small "pin holes" here and there where the alkali has cut through the surface to soak into and gradually weaken the whole floor covering. This is what cheap soaps do. Use Ivory Soap, it will not injure.

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A NARROW ESCAPE.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ade E. Hart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took eight bottles. It has cured me, thank God, I am saved and now well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at G. Gehring's drug store.

Regular size 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

PERRY WANTS ANOTHER LINE

Will Make an Effort to Get the Frisco on From Tonkawa.

Perry, O. T., Aug. 16.—There will be a conference between the committees of this city, selected for that purpose, and the president of the Frisco railroad, as to the chances of this city securing an extension of that road to this point from Tonkawa, as soon as the president arrives in St. Louis from the east.

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT, G. A. R.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY

Offer the following low rates and inducements for round trip tickets:

Dates of sale, September 1 and 2, 1899.

Open return limit—Tickets will be good to leave Philadelphia returning, without extension, up to and including September 12, 1899.

Extended return limit—By depositing ticket with joint agent at Philadelphia between September 5 and 6, both dates inclusive, and on payment of 50 cents at time of deposit, return limit may be extended to leaving Philadelphia up to and including September 20, 1899.

Rate.—For ticket limited to continuous passage and no stop-off in either direction, \$2.45.

For ticket, going and returning via the same route, but with the privilege of one stop-over at any point east of Pittsburgh, Pa., the rate is \$3.25.

The ticket, good going one route and returning another, and with the privilege of stopping off at any point east of Pittsburgh, Pa., once, in addition to the regular stop-offs granted on first class tickets to Philadelphia, the rate will be \$3.75.

R. E. BUCKLEY, P. & T. A., 124 North Main Street, Wichita, Kan.

HOMEBREKERS' EXCURSION VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

On Aug. 2-4, Sept. 5-8, October 9-11, the Santa Fe will have on sale Homesteaders' excursion tickets to points in Arkansas, Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico and Texas, at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. These tickets will bear going limit of fifteen days with stop-over privileges. Four return limit twenty-one days from date of sale. These who desire to take a trip will do well to call on some representative of the route that reaches all points of importance—"The Santa Fe Route." Telephone 13.

L. R. DELANEY, Agent.